# SparseViT: Revisiting Activation Sparsity for Efficient High-Resolution Vision Transformer

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### Background

High-resolution images have become ubiquitous!

#### **Mobile Vision**



iPhone 14 Pro Max **48MP** 

#### **Mixed Reality**



Apple Vision Pro

**23MP** 

#### **Autonomous Driving**

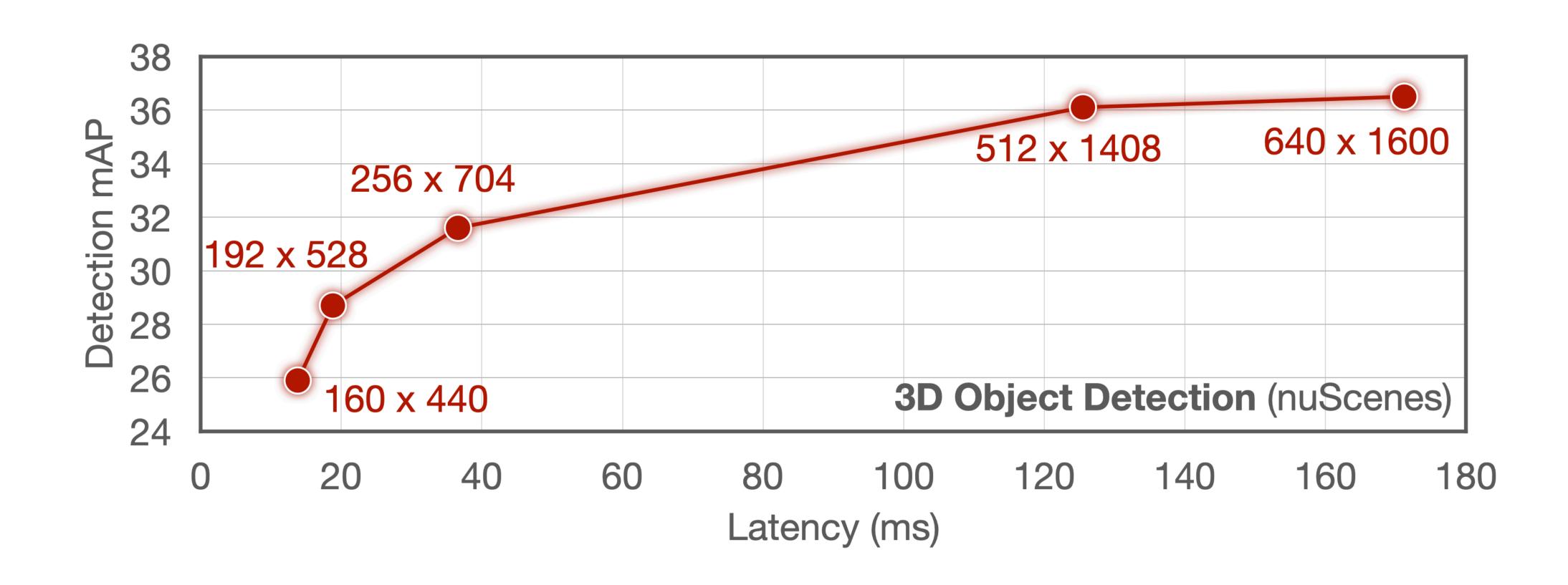


Waymo Driver

2MP x 29

## Background

Higher resolutions deliver better accuracy but also increase computation cost!



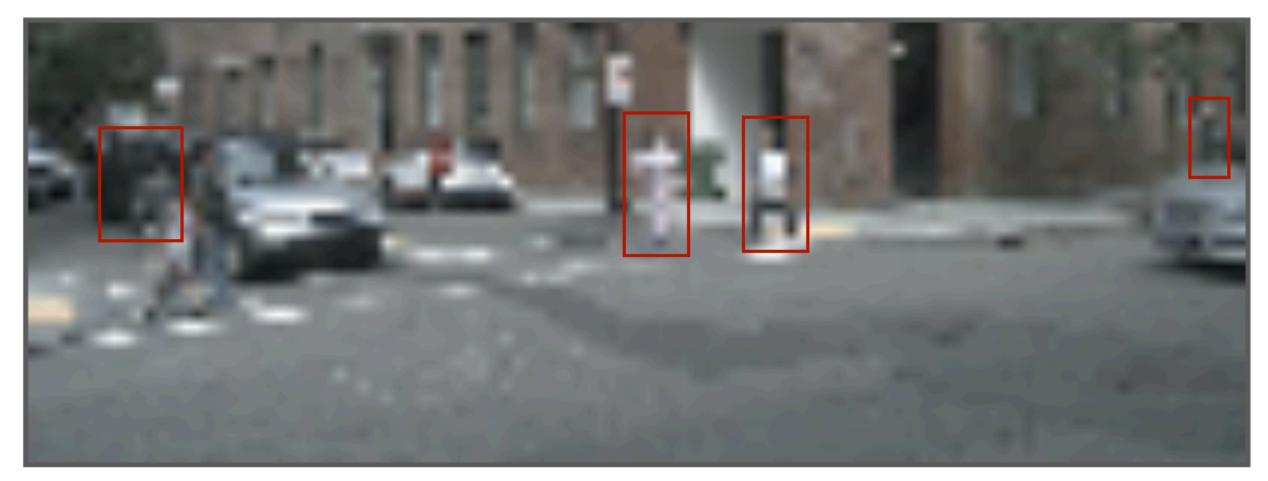
## **Activation Pruning**

Sparse high-resolution features are better than dense low-resolution ones.

#### **Uniform Resizing**

Low Resolution (0.5X)

Dense Pixels (100%)



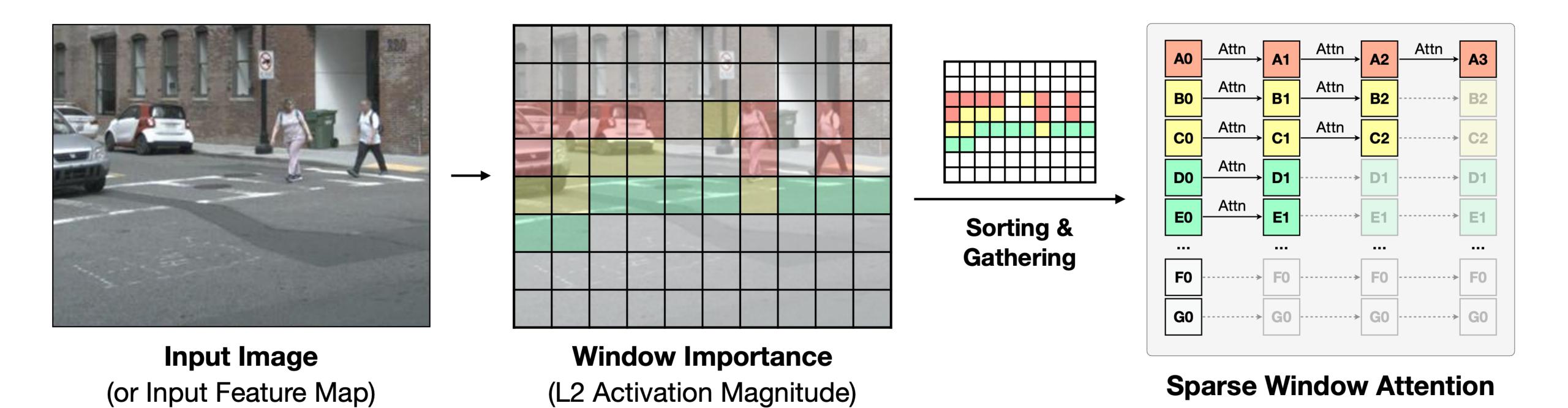
### **Activation Pruning**

High Resolution (1X)
Sparse Pixels (25%)



# SparseViT — Sparse Vision Transformers

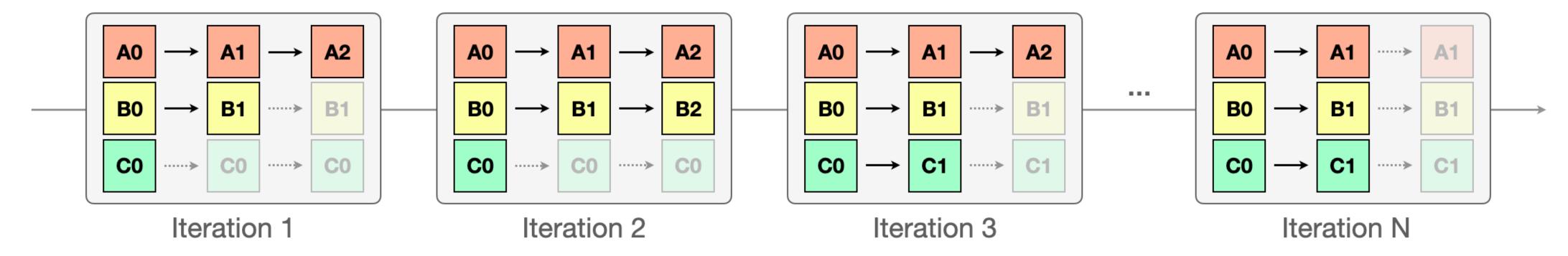
Step I. Window activation pruning (with non-uniform sparsity)



## SparseViT — Sparse Vision Transformers

#### Step II. Sparsity-aware adaptation

Goal: Assess the model's accuracy under different activation sparsity settings both efficiently and accurately.

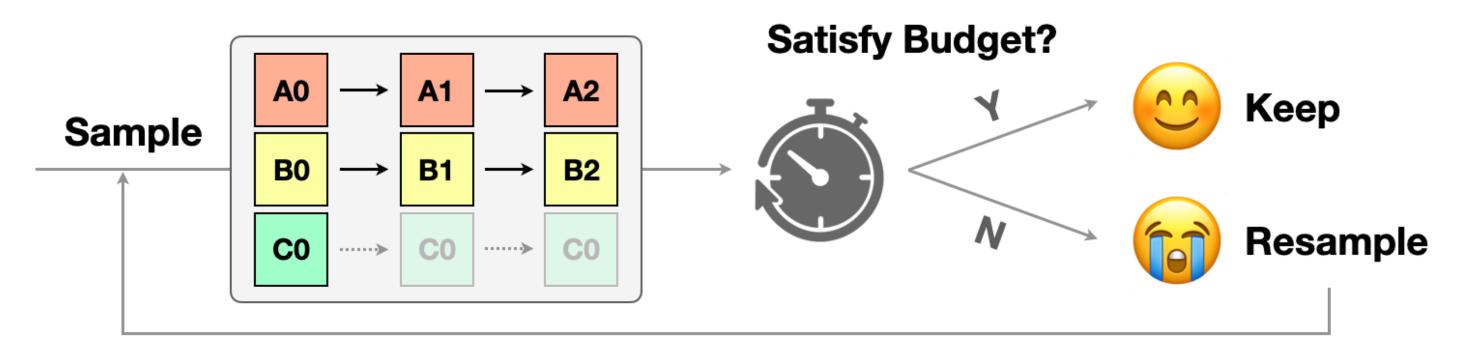


As the original model is trained with only dense activations, we improve its sparsity awareness by finetuning it with randomly sampled layerwise activation sparsity configurations at each training iteration.

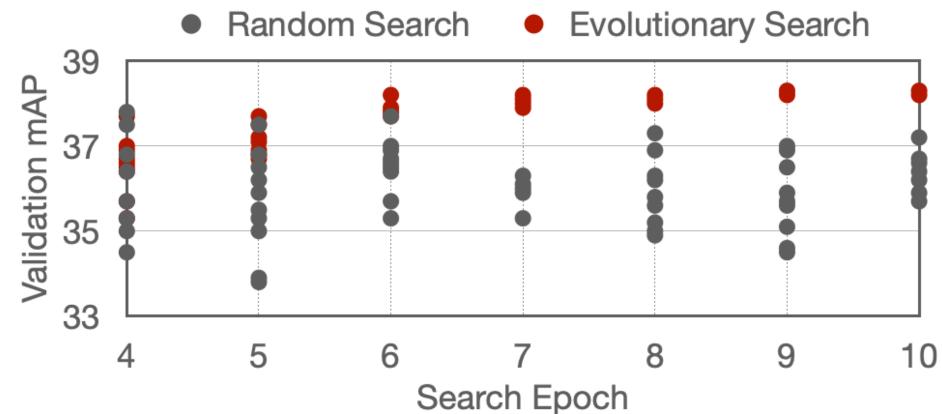
## SparseViT — Sparse Vision Transformers

#### Step III. Resource-constrained search

Goal: Discover the optimal layerwise activation sparsity configuration under a given latency budget.

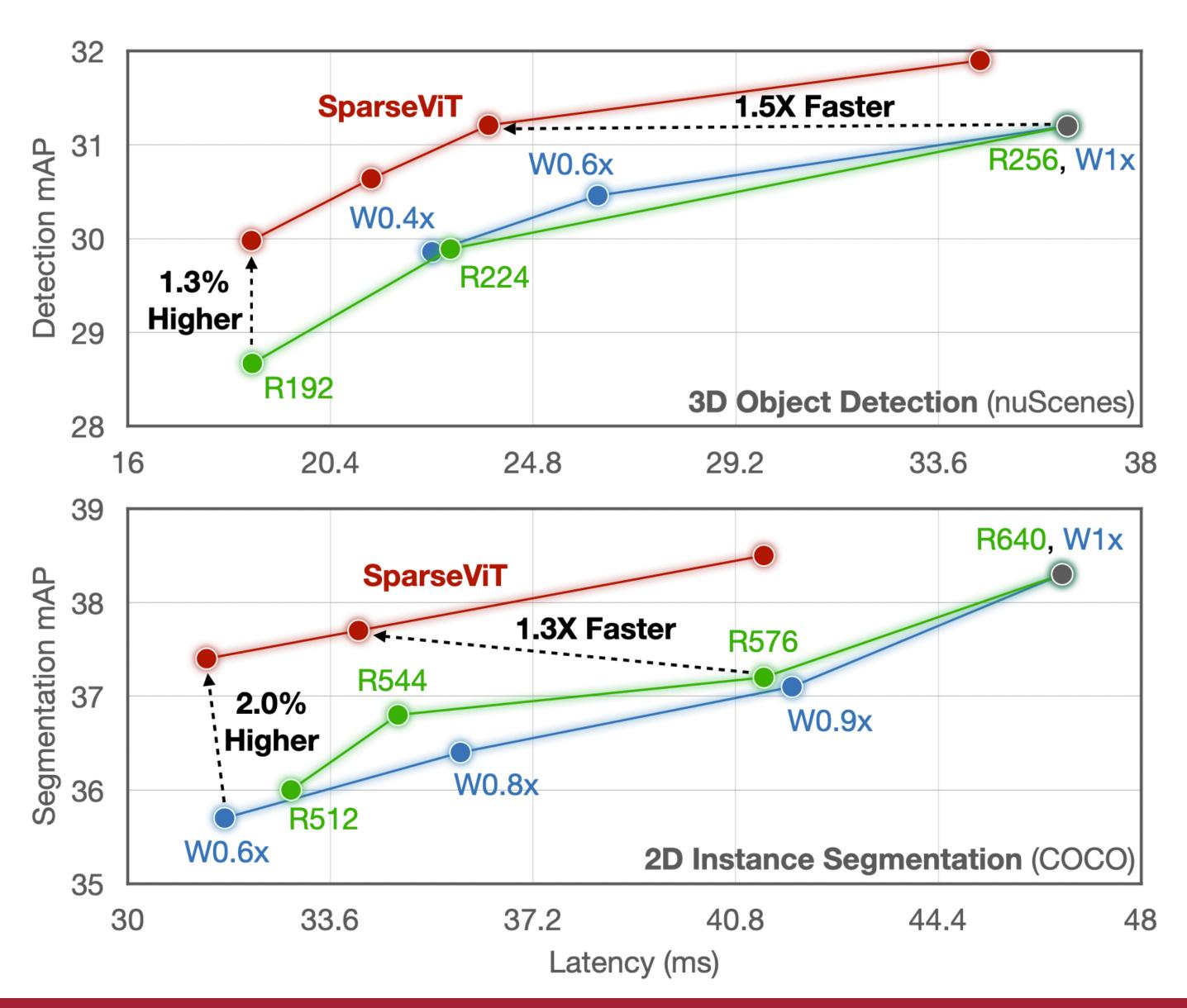


We enforce the latency constraint using rejection sampling (repeated resampling until satisfaction).



Evolutionary search is **sample-efficient!** 

### Results



### Visualizations

### SparseViT learns to prune irrelevant background windows while retaining informative foreground ones!

